



Version: 1.0

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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name/designation: Acetone laboratory reagent

Product No.: A0160

Synonymes: 2-Propanone, Dimethyl ketone, DMK, Propanone

CAS No. 67-64-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: General chemical reagent

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Avantor Performance Materials India Ltd.

Street 501, 5th floor, Tiffany Building, Hiranandani Business Park,

Postal code/city Thane, Maharashtra - 400607, India

Telephone 022-41288100

Emergency phone number

Telephone 1800105561

Preparation Information

Product Information Compliance

1.4 E-mail SDS@avantorsciences.com





SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards

Flammable liquid, category 2

health hazards

Eye irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 3, narcotic effect

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.3 Other hazards none

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

Substance name Acetone Molecular formula CH_3COCH_3 Molecular weight 58.08 g/mol CAS No. 67-64-1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 General information

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Change contaminated, saturated clothing. Do not leave affected person unattended.

After inhalation

Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.





After eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5 1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray ABC-powder Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

no restriction

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

5.4 Additional information

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

In case of fire: Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In case of major fire and large quantities: Remove persons to safety.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.





6.4 Additional information

Clear spills immediately.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid:

Inhalation

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area must be ventilated by technical means.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Usual measures for fire prevention.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: Keep bottles tightly closed and away from sources of ignition and heat.

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from combustible materials.

Specific end use(s)

no data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Does not contain substances above concentration limits fixing an occupational exposure limit.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

Personal protection equipment

no data available

Eye/face protection

no data available

Skin protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Recommended glove articles DIN-/EN-Norms: EN ISO 374 In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.





By short-term hand contact

Suitable material: CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,75 mm Breakthrough time (maximum wearing < 30 min

time):

By long-term hand contact

Suitable material: Thickness of the glove material: 0,50 mm

Breakthrough time (maximum wearing

time):

Respiratory protection no data available

Additional information no data available

Environmental exposure controls no data available

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

> 480 min





SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance

Physical state: liquid Colour: colourless (b) Odour: characteristic (c) Odour threshold: no data available

Safety relevant basic data

5-6 (400 g/l; H2O; 20 °C) (d) pH:

-95.4 °C (e) Melting point/freezing point:

(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range: 56.2 °C (1013 hPa) (g) Flash point: < -20 °C (closed cup) (h) Evaporation rate: no data available

(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

(j) Flammability or explosive limits

Lower explosion limit: 2.6 % (v/v) Upper explosion limit: 12.8 % (v/v) (k) Vapour pressure: 233 hPa (20 °C) (I) Vapour density: 2.01 (20 °C)

(m) Relative density: 0.792 g/cm³ (20 °C)

(n) Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (g/L): soluble (20 °C) Soluble (g/L) in Ethanol: no data available (o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -0.24 (20 °C) 465 °C (DIN 51794) (p) Auto-ignition temperature:

(q) Decomposition temperature: no data available

(r) Viscosity

Kinematic viscosity: no data available Dynamic viscosity: 0.32 mPa*s (20 °C) (s) Explosive properties: not applicable (t) Oxidising properties: not applicable

9.2 Other information

no data available Bulk density: Refraction index: 1.3591 (589 nm; 20 °C) no data available Dissociation constant: Surface tension: no data available Henry's Law Constant: no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).





10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Formation of explosive mixtures with:

Oxidising agent, strong

Reducing agent, strong

Nitric acid

Trichloromethane

Peroxides

Violent reaction with:

Alkali (lye)

Oxidising agent

Reducing agent

Exothermic reaction with:

Bromine

Chlorine

10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight

Heat

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles

Plastic articles

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute effects

Acute oral toxicity:

LD50: > 5800 mg/kg - Rat - (RTECS)

Acute dermal toxicity:

LD50: > 20000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCLID)

Acute inhalation toxicity:

LC50: > 76 mg/l (4h) - Rat

Irritant and corrosive effects

Primary irritation to the skin:

not applicable

Irritation to eyes:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Irritation to respiratory tract:

not applicable





Respiratory or skin sensitisation

In case of skin contact: not sensitising After inhalation: not sensitising

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

not applicable

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Carcinogenicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

No indications of human germ cell mutagenicity exist.

Reproductive toxicity

No indications of human reproductive toxicity exist.

Aspiration hazard

not applicable

Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Fish toxicity:

LC50: 8300 mg/l (96 h) - Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8

Daphnia toxicity:

EC50: 18500 mg/l (48 h) - Randall, T.L., and P.V. Knopp 1980. Detoxification of Specific Organic Substances by Wet Oxidation. J.Water Pollut.Control Fed. 52(8):2117-2130

LC50: 8450 mg/l (48 h) - Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217

Algae toxicity:

EC50: 7200 mg/l (96 h) - Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)

Bacteria toxicity:

no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -0.24 (20 °C)





12.4 Mobility in soil:

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT/vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Dispose according to local legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose according to local legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1	UN-No.:	1090
14.2	Proper Shipping Name:	ACETONE
14.3	Class(es):	3
	Classification code:	F1
	Hazard label(s):	3
14.4	Packing group:	II
14.5	Environmental hazards:	No
14.6	Special precautions for user:	
	Hazard identification number (Kemler	33
	No.):	

tunnel restriction code: D/E (Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D when

carried in bulk or in tanks. Passage forbidden through

tunnels of category E.)

Sea transport (IMDG)

UN-No.:	1090
Proper Shipping Name:	ACETONE
Class(es):	3
Classification code:	
Hazard label(s):	3
Packing group:	II
Environmental hazards:	No
Marine pollutant:	No
Special precautions for user:	
Segregation group:	-
EmS-No.	F-E S-D
	Proper Shipping Name: Class(es): Classification code: Hazard label(s): Packing group: Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: Special precautions for user: Segregation group:

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code





not relevant

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

14.2	UN-No.: Proper Shipping Name:	1090 ACET	ONE
14.3	Classification code:	3	
	Hazard label(s):	3	
	Packing group:	II	
14.5	Special precautions for user:		





SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiensts

ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AGS - Committee on Hazardous Substances (Ausschuss für Gefahrstoffe)

CLP - Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures

DFG - German Research Foundation (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft)

Gestis - Information system on hazardous substances of the German Social Accident Insurance

(Gefahrstoffinformationssystem der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung)

IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association-Dangerous Goods Regulations

ICAO-TI - International Civil Aviation Organization-Technical Instructions

IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LTV - Long Term Value

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

RID - Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STV - Short Term Value

SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

Indication of changes: none

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