



Version: 1.1

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# **Safety Data Sheet**

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name/designation: Product No.: Synonymes: CAS No. Dichloromethane laboratory reagent D0080 Methylene chloride 75-09-2

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

General chemical reagent

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier

Avantor Performance Materials India Ltd. Street Postal code/City Telephone	501, 5th floor, Tiffany Building, Hiranandani Business Park, Thane, Maharashtra - 400607, India 022-41288100
Emergency phone number	
Telephone	1800105561
Preparation Information Product Information Compliance	
1.4 E-mail	SDS@avantorsciences.com



#### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Health hazards

Skin irritation, category 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Carcinogenicity, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 3, narcotic effect

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word: Warning

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### **Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

2.3 Other hazards This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

Substance name	Dichloromethane
Molecular formula	$CH_2CI_2$
Molecular weight	84.93 g/mol
CAS No.	75-09-2



#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 General information

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Change contaminated, saturated clothing. Do not leave affected person unattended.

#### After inhalation

Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

#### In case of skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

#### After eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### In case of ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.

#### Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** no data available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product itself does not burn. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons no restriction

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2) Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

#### 5.4 Additional information

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.





Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. In case of fire: Evacuate area.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures In case of major fire and large quantities: Remove persons to safety.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Additional information

Clear spills immediately.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid:

Inhalation

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area must be ventilated by technical means.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: Keep bottles tightly closed and away from sources of ignition and heat.

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Store product under (gas): Nitrogen Do not allow contact with air.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Does not contain substances above concentration limits fixing an occupational exposure limit.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.





#### Personal protection equipment

Wear suitable protective clothing. When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CElabels including the four control digits must be worn.

Eye/face protection

Eye glasses with side protection

Skin protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Recommended glove articles DIN-/EN-Norms EN ISO 374 In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

By short-term hand contact Suitable material: Thickness of the glove material: Breakthrough time::

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)/FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,70 mm > 120 min

By long-term hand contact Suitable material: Thickness of the glove material: Breakthrough time::

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)/FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,70 mm > 120 min

Respiratory protection no data available

#### Additional information

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.

*Environmental exposure controls* no data available



### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance	
Physical state:	liquid
Colour:	colourless
(b) Odour:	no data available
(c) Odour threshold:	no data available

#### Safety relevant basic data

(d) pH:	7 (20 °C)
(e) Melting point/freezing point:	-95 °C
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range:	39.8 °C (1013 hPa)
(g) Flash point:	no data available
(h) Evaporation rate:	no data available
(i) Flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable
(j) Flammability or explosive limits	
Lower explosion limit:	13 % (v/v)
Upper explosion limit:	22 % (v/v)
(k) Vapour pressure:	475 hPa (20 °C)
(I) Vapour density:	2.93 (20 °C)
(m) Relative density:	1.322 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
(n) Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility:	~20 g/l (20 °C)
Soluble (g/L) in Ethanol:	no data available
(o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	1.25 (20 °C)
(p) Auto-ignition temperature:	605 °C (DIN 51794)
(q) Decomposition temperature:	no data available
(r) Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Dynamic viscosity:	0.43 mPa*s (20 °C)
(s) Explosive properties:	not applicable
(t) Oxidising properties:	not applicable

#### 9.2 Other information

Bulk density:	no data available
Refraction index:	1.4244 (589 nm; 20 °C)
Dissociation constant:	no data available
Surface tension:	no data available
Henry's Law Constant:	no data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

no data available

#### **10.2 Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).



#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute effects

Acute oral toxicity: LD50: > 1600 mg/kg - Rat - (RTECS)

LDLo: > 357 mg/kg - Human - (RTECS)

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50: < 2000 mg/kg - Rat - (OECD 402)

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50: 53 mg/l - Rat - (Japan GHS Basis for Classification Data)

#### Irritant and corrosive effects

*Primary irritation to the skin:* Causes skin irritation.

*Irritation to eyes:* Causes serious eye irritation.

*Irritation to respiratory tract:* not applicable

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

In case of skin contact: not sensitising After inhalation: not sensitising

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure not applicable

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No indications of human germ cell mutagenicity exist.



#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No indications of human reproductive toxicity exist.

## Aspiration hazard not applicable

Other adverse effects

no data available

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity

#### Fish toxicity:

LC50: 310 mg/l (96 h) - Alexander, H.C., W.M. McCarty, and E.A. Bartlett 1978. Toxicity of Perchloroethylene, Trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, and Methylene Chloride to Fathead Minnows. Bull.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(3):344-352 (OECDG Data File)

#### Daphnia toxicity:

EC50: 1470 mg/l (48 h) - Bringmann, G., and F. Meinck 1964. Wassertoxikologische Beurteilung von Industrieabwassern. Gesundheits-Ingenieur 85:229-260 (OECDG Data File)

LC50: 164 mg/l (48 h) - Burton, D.T., and D.J. Fisher 1990. Acute Toxicity of...Methylene Chloride, and 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol to Juvenile Grass Shrimp and Killifish. Bull.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 44(5):776-783

### Algae toxicity:

no data available

### Bacteria toxicity:

no data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 1.25 (20 °C)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

no data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT/vPvB assessment

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available



#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Appropriate disposal / Product

Dispose according to local legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

#### Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose according to local legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1	UN-No.:	1593
14.2	Proper Shipping Name:	DICHLOROMETHANE
14.3	Class(es):	6.1
	Classification code:	T1
	Hazard label(s):	6.1
14.4	Packing group:	III
14.5	Environmental hazards:	No
14.6	Special precautions for user:	
	Hazard identification number (Kemler	60
	No.):	
	tunnel restriction code:	E
		(Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E.)
Soa tr	ansport (IMDG)	
Seatio		
14.1	UN-No ·	1593
14.2	Proper Shipping Name:	DICHLOROMETHANE
14.3	Class(es):	6.1
	Classification code:	
	Hazard label(s):	6.1
14.4		III
14.5	Environmental hazards:	No
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

No

Marine pollutant:

14.6 Special precautions for user: Segregation group: 10 EmS-No. F-A S-A
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not relevant



## Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

	UN-No.:	1593
14.2	Proper Shipping Name:	DICHLOROMETHANE
14.3	Class(es):	6.1
	Classification code:	
	Hazard label(s):	6.1
14.4	Packing group:	III
14.5	Special precautions for user:	



#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiensts ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AGS - Committee on Hazardous Substances (Ausschuss für Gefahrstoffe) CLP - Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures DFG - German Research Foundation (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft) Gestis - Information system on hazardous substances of the German Social Accident Insurance (Gefahrstoffinformationssystem der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung) IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association-Dangerous Goods Regulations ICAO-TI - International Civil Aviation Organization-Technical Instructions IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods LTV - Long Term Value NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic RID - Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail STV - Short Term Value SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

#### Additional information

Indication of changes:

general update

If you need an explanation of the change, contact the supplier. (SDS@avantorsciences.com)

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