

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(GHS, Appendix 4)

### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Kohinool

EC N° : 401-030-0

CAS N° : 87118-95-4

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Industrial-grade aromatic raw material, not intended for retail sale

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : Aromatics Original Material Co., Ltd.

Address : 3/8 1st floor Bangwaek Rd, Bangpai, Bangkae, Bangkok 10160 Thailand.

### SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS compliant.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Acute 2, H401).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

This substance does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS compliant.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS09

Hazard statements :

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

### SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substances

**Composition :**

Identification	Classification GHS	Note	%
CAS: 87118-95-4 EC: 401-030-0 3,4,5,6,6-PENTAMETHYLHEPTAN-2-OL	GHS09 Wng Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		100%
CAS: 128-37-0 EC: 204-881-4 REACH: 01-2119565113-46-0000 BUTYLATED HYDROXYTOLUENE	GHS09 Wng Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	[1]	0 ≤ x % < 1

**Information on ingredients :**

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

**SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

**4.1. Description of first aid measures****In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :**

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

**In the event of swallowing :**

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No data available.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available.

**SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

**5.1. Extinguishing media****Suitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

**Unsuitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the substance is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the substance is used.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

**SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits :**

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	2 (IFV) mg/m <sup>3</sup>			A4	

- South Africa / DME (Department of Minerals and Energy, 2006) :

- South Africa / DOL RL (Department of Labour, Recommended limits, 1995) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
128-37-0		10 E mg/m <sup>3</sup>		4 (II)

- Australia (NOHSC: 3008, 1995) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			H	

- Belgium (Royal decree of 11/05/2021) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Canada / Alberta (Occupational health and safety code, 2009) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Canada / British Colombia (2009) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	2 (V) mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Canada / Ontario (Control of exposure to biological or chemical agents, regulation 491/2009) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	IVA

- Canada / Quebec (Regulations on occupational health and safety) :

- Denmark (2020) :

Stof	TWA	VSTEL	Loftvaerdi	Anm
128-37-0	- ppm 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m <sup>3</sup> :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m <sup>3</sup> :	Notes :	TMP No :
128-37-0	-	10	-	-	-	-

- Finland (HTP-vården 2018) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- Spain (Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT), 2019) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Greece (90/1999) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :

128-37-0 10 mg/m3

- Ireland (Code of practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, 2021) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	2 mg/m3				

- Malaysia :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	-

- Mexico :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	-	-	-

- New Zealand (Workplace Exposure standards, 11/2020, edition 12-1) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3				

- Netherlands / MAC-waarde (10 december 2014) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	-

- Slovenia (Uradni List, 04/06/2015) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0		10 (I) mg/m3			

- Switzerland (Suva 2021) :

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
128-37-0	10 ppm	40 ppm		

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3				

- USA / NIOSH REL (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Recommended exposure limits) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	-

- USA / NIOSH IDLH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
128-37-0	10 mg/m3				

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

**- Hand protection**

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

**- Body protection**

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

No data available.

**Physical state**

Physical state : Fluid liquid.

**Colour**

Unspecified

**Odour**

Odour threshold : Not stated.

**Melting point**

Melting point/melting range : Not specified.

**Freezing point**

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

**Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range**

Boiling point/boiling range : Not specified.

**Flammability**

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not stated.

**Lower and upper explosion limit**

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) : Not stated.

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) : Not stated.

**Flash point**

Flash Point : 94.00 °C.

Method for determining the flash point:

ASTM D 93-15 (Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester).

**Auto-ignition temperature**

Self-ignition temperature : Not specified.

**Decomposition temperature**

Decomposition point/decomposition range : Not specified.

**pH**

pH : Not relevant.

pH (aqueous solution) : Not stated.

**Kinematic viscosity**

Viscosity : Not stated.

**Solubility**

Water solubility : Insoluble.

Fat solubility : Not stated.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not stated.

**Vapour pressure**

Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not stated.

**Density and/or relative density**

Density : 0,848-0,888@20°C  
Method for determining the density :  
NF ISO 279:1999 (T75-111)

**Relative vapour density**

Vapour density : Not stated.

**9.2. Other information**

Index of refraction : 1,450-1,470@20°C  
Method of determining the refractive index :  
NF ISO 280:1999 (T75-112)

**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

No data available.

**9.2.2. Other safety characteristics**

No data available.

**SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

This substance is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

When exposed to high temperatures, the substance can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

No data available.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

No data available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

##### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

##### 11.1.2 Complex substance

No toxicological data available for the substances.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 128-37-0 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

### SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

##### 12.1.2 Complex substance

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The appropriate waste management of the substance and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :



Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.  
Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

14.1. UN number  
3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name  
UN3082=ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(3,4,5,6,6-pentamethylheptan-2-ol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)



- Classification :  
9

14.4. Packing group  
III

14.5. Environmental hazards



- Environmentally hazardous material :

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	9	M6	III	9	90	5 L	274 335 375 601	E1	3	-
	Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (ADR 3.3.1 - DS 375)									
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	

	9	-	III	5 L	F-A. S-F	274 335 969	E1	Category A		
	Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (IMDG 3.3.1 - 2.10.2.7)									
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	9	-	III	964	450 L	964	450 L	A97 A158 A197 A215	E1	
	9	-	III	Y964	30 kg G	-	-	A97 A158 A197 A215	E1	
	Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (IATA 4.4.4 - DS A197)									

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(3,4,5,6,6-pentamethylheptan-2-ol)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

### SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following regulations have been used:

- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), review no. 8 (2019)

#### Container information:

No data available.

#### Particular provisions :

No data available.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

### SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the substance and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

**Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :**

H227	Combustible liquid.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Abbreviations and acronyms :**

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.