## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(GHS, Appendix 4)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Benzyl Acetate

EC N°: 205-399-7 CAS N°: 140-11-4

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Industrial-grade aromatic raw material, not intended for retail sale

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: Aromatics Original Material Co., Ltd.

Address: 3/8 1st floor Bangwaek Rd, Bangpai, Bangkae, Bangkok 10160

Thailand.

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS compliant.

Acute oral toxicity, Category 5 (Acute Tox. 5, H303).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Acute 2, H401).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

This substance does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

# 2.2. Label elements

## GHS compliant.

Signal Word:

WARNING

Product identifiers (list of classified components):

CAS 140-11-4 BENZYL ACETATE

Hazard statements:

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

 $Precautionary\ statements\ \hbox{-}\ Response\ ;$ 

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/... if you feel unwell.

## 2.3. Other hazards

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1. Substances

## **Composition:**

Identification	GHS	Note	%

CAS: 140-11-4 EC: 205-399-7 BENZYL ACETATE	Wng Acute Tox. 5, H303 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	100%
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## **Information on ingredients:**

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

#### In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water, administer activated medical charcoal and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist

## Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

## For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the substance is handled.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

## Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the substance is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

## **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria:

140-11-4 10 ppm A4

- Belgium (Arrêté du 19/11/2020) :

CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria:

140-11-4 10 ppm 62 mg/

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- Canada / Alberta (Occupational health and safety code, 2009): Ceiling: CAS TWA: STEL: Definition: Criteria: 10 ppm 61 mg/ 140-11-4 - Canada / British Colombia (2009): CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 140-11-4 10 ppm - Canada / Ontario (Control of exposure to biological or chemical agents, regulation 491/2009): CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 140-11-4 10 ppm - Denmark (2020): Stof TWA **VSTEL** Loftvaerdi Anm 10 ppm 61 mg/ 140-11-4 - Spain (Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT), 2019) : CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 10 ppm 62 mg/ 140-11-4  $m^3$ - Latvia (Regulation No. 325/2007): CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 140-11-4 5 mg/m3 - Lithuania (HN 23:2001): CAS STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: TWA: 140-11-4 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Malaysia: CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 140-11-4 10 ppm - Romania (Hotarâre 1218/2006) : CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 8 ppm 50 mg/ 13 ppm 80 mg/ 140-11-4 m3

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

#### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

#### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

No data available.

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
Colour	
Unspecified	
Odour	

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Physical state

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not specified.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%): Not stated. Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%): Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point: 100.00 °C.

Method for determining the flash point:

ASTM D 93-15 (Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-

Martens Closed Cup Tester).

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature: Not specified.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

pН

pH: Not relevant.
pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

**Solubility** 

Water solubility: Insoluble.
Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not stated.

Density and/or relative density

Density: 1,043-1,063@20°C

Method for determining the density :

NF ISO 279:1999 (T75-111)

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

Index of refraction: 1,497-1,507@20°C

Method of determining the refractive index:

NF ISO 280:1999 (T75-112)

## 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

# 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This substance is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the substance can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from this solvent in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

May be harmful if swallowed.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the substance may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

#### 11.1.1. Substances

#### Acute toxicity:

BENZYL ACETATE (CAS: 140-11-4)

Oral route:

LD50 = 2490 mg/kg

# 11.1.2 Complex substance

No toxicological data available for the substances.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

## Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 71-43-2 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 108-88-3: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 140-11-4: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxic to aquatic organisms.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

# 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.1.2 Complex substance

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The appropriate waste management of the substance and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

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## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following regulations have been used:

- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), review no. 7 (2017)

### - Container information:

No data available.

## - Particular provisions:

No data available.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the substance and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H303

May be harmful if swallowed.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Abbreviations:**

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.