

Pediatric patients with anemia

| Equipment | | | |
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Procedure

| | Introduce yourself in a polite manner, use language that is easy to understand. no medical | | |
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| 0 | terminology | | |
| 1 | period with pale Signs of paleness, such as weakness, tiredness, low weight gain | | |
| 2 | common symptoms such as fever, bruising, history, black urine, coke color, history of blood loss such as vomiting blood/black diarrhea/bloody stools | | |
| 3 | History of the type of food eaten The number of meals asked in detail, focusing on the consumption of iron-rich foods. high, such as liver, egg yolk, offal | | |
| 4 | History of congenital diseases such as thalassemia/G6PD deficiency, history of childbirth and postpartum complications such as: Anemia/jaundice | | |
| 5 | Family history of pale/yellowish symptoms that come and go from an early age | | |
| 6 | Family history of thalassemia History of taking certain drugs or substances before anemia, such as sulfa drugs/broad beans | | |
| 7 | Habitat history, environment, such as being near lead factories/walking barefoot at risk of hookworm | | |



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