

Songkhla



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Day 1 Travel from Suvarnabhumi Airport (Bangkok) - Songkhla Province - Samila Beach - Khao Tang Kuan - Old Town Songkhla - Laem Pho Temple - Yo Island

07.00AM. Depart from Suvarnabhumi Airport (Bangkok) to Songkhla by Thai VietJet Air, flight VZ 320 takes 1 hour 30 minutes.

8:30 AM. Arrive at Songkhla, then take you to Samila Beach, a famous tourist attraction in Songkhla. In the municipality of Samila Beach, there are small rocks jutting into the sea. A very fine white sand beach called "Sai Kaew" with shady pine forests. From Samila Beach, you can see magnificent views of Nu Island, Maew Island, and It is said that whoever visits Songkhla and does not visit Samila is like not arriving at Songkhla. There is a famous symbol, a statue of a golden mermaid. Surrounding the area has a garden, designed to look shady and suitable as a place to sit and relax in the evening. Looking out into the sea, you will see Nu



Island, Maew Island, and another iconic one.

Samila Beach is a peaceful beach. Suitable for relaxing and enjoying the view. There is a continuous beach called Laem Son On. It's beyond Samila Beach to the west. The range of Laem Son On will extend to the dam ridge in the sea. Samila Beach can be reached easily.

Both private cars and small buses. Located not far from Hat Yai District (about 30 kilometers), there is a hotel located at Laem Samila. And nearby, there are many food and beverage outlets. and souvenirs There are many water activities, such as banana boats, jet skis, and sailing. It is easy to swim in the sea because it is a beach that is not steep and has a guard from the Songkhla Municipality to take care of

security according to the story of the Golden Mermaid "Golden Mermaid" according to the story of the Golden Mermaid "The Golden Mermaid" is a story from an ancient Thai fairy tale. As told by Khun Wichitmatra (Sa-nga Kanchanakphan), on a good day, mermaids would sit and comb their hair on the beach with a golden comb. Until one day a fisherman walked past, causing the mermaid to panic, hurriedly escaped into the sea, forgetting the golden comb. So the fishermen kept the golden comb and always waited for the mermaid at the beach. But the mermaid never appeared. The body to see again for the "Golden Mermaid" was created in 1966 in a sitting position, combing her hair. Forged with blackened bronze by design, molding and casting by Ajarn Jit Buabut with 60,000 baht (in those days) using money from the budget of Songkhla Municipality, "The Legend of Koh Nu, Koh Cat," a Chinese merchant who runs a junk boat regularly travels to trade between China and Songkhla. One day this merchant bought a dog and a cat and took a boat to China. The dog and cat stayed on the boat for a long time. They bored therefore consulted to find a way to go home. Dog and cat learn that the merchant has a magic DuangKaew that keeps him from drowning. The cat came up with a ruse by letting the mouse steal the merchant's magic DuangKaew. and rat want to flee to shore All three swim away. from the boat with megic DuangKaew in rat mouth. At that moment, rat remembered that if rat reached the shore Dogs and cats must have taken their megic DuangKaew, so they decided to run away. The cat that swam behind thought too. So he swam to find the rat. The rat was shocked to swim away without being careful. The magic glass that was holding it fell and disappeared into the water. The rats and cats were all exhausted and drowned, becoming the island of mice and cats in Na Muang Bay. The dog scrambled to swim. Until they reached



the shore and died of exhaustion, turned to stone around Tang Kuan Hill, on the edge of

Songkhla Bay. The magic DuangKaew that fell from the rat's

mouth shattered became Hat Sai Kaew on the northern side of

Laem Son. Then take you to Khao Tang Kuan, one of the

important tourist attractions in Mueang District, Songkhla

Province. It is a high hill. Approximately 2,000 feet above sea

level, from this peak of Tang Guan Mountain, you can see the

surrounding city of Songkhla. On the top of Mount Tang Kuan is

enshrined Chedi Phra That Khu Mueang. Songkhla, which was built during the Nakhon Si

Thammarat Kingdom. It is an art in the Dvaravati period (on a hilltop about 2,000 feet above

sea level) where King Mongkut (Rama IV) has bestowed royal money as a capital for

renovations. And in December 1996, His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej (Rama 9) gave

the royal relics to be contained in the chedi every year in October. There will be a ceremony to

clothe the chedi, and the tradition of Tak Bat Devo and dragging the monks of Songkhla

Interesting things on the top of Mount Tang Kuan include "Phrathat Chedi" Chedi Luang Phra

Chedi Luang is another important historical site of Khao Tang Kuan. Brick pagoda holding a

bell-shaped mortar assumed to be The ancient pagoda that has

been around for a long time But there is no clear evidence of

the background until later in the year 1859, His Majesty King

Mongkut After that in the year 1866 it was graciously pleased

to Royal money of 37 Chang to Chao Phraya Wichian Khiri

(Men) to renovate the chedi to make it bigger than the old one.



and at that time Chao Phraya Wichian Khiri (Men) built a house at the base of the chedi. and add keng at the corner of the wall Phra Chedi Luang is a national pagoda. Songkhla has been



renovated and repaired all the time. graciously bestowed upon him relics and worship items enshrined at Chedi Luang to be a place of worship for the people of Songkhla to continue "Khao Tang Kuan Viewing Ground" From the top of Mount Tang Kuan, you will see a 360-degree view of Songkhla. There are seats to sit and watch the view.

This observation deck has a statue of Luang Pu Thuat in the middle of the courtyard. on a raised base The

observation deck in front of Phra Chedi Luang will see the city of Songkhla. Can be very wide, both the city view and Songkhla lake including Samila Beach Then take you to check in and take photos at the old town of Songkhla. located in Muang District There are 3 important roads worth walking, namely, Nakorn Nok Road, Nakorn Nai Road, and Nang Ngam Road, an important commercial districts in the past of Songkhla. It is a street made up of beautiful buildings and architecture that retains its original identity. They are lined up in succession along the road. Infiltrated with modern business both traditional restaurants mixed with fusion restaurant Plus, adding color with street art paintings. It's super cute on the walls of various houses that reflect the lifestyle and culture of Songkhla people.



Therefore, walking around Songkhla Old Town will not only see the beauty of these ancient buildings. In the past, Songkhla town was located on the west bank of the lake, called "Songkhla City, Laem Son Side" until it expanded to the east side around Bo Yang



Subdistrict. Called "Songkhla City on the Bo Yang Side", initially there were two roads: Nakhon Nok Road, an outer road adjacent to Songkhla Lake, and Nakhon Nai Road, an urban road. Later, the third road was cut, called Road Nine Hong, later called Nang Ngam Road. Currently, Nakorn Nok Road, Nakorn Nai Road, and Nang Ngam Road retain

their original identities. There is a wooden row room in Chinese style. Classic buildings in Sino-Portuguese style, and there are ancient Chinese shophouses. of Chinese Hokkien Mixed on both sides of the road, many buildings have been repainted. but does not change the structure of the building

At noon, eat at a restaurant.

In the afternoon, arrive at Laem Pho Temple or Wat Phra Non, Laem Temple. Located at Ban Suan Durian, Ko Yo Subdistrict, Mueang District, Songkhla Province, on the edge of Songkhla Lake. It is one of the oldest and important temples. It is an important tourist attraction of Songkhla, enshrining the largest reclining Buddha image. which is the largest Buddha image in the nirvana posture in Thailand His feet have artistic patterns. This is because the temple is located near the foot of the Tinsulanonda Bridge Road on the island of Yo. making it an eye-catcher for those driving past Laem Pho reclining Buddha image inside the temple is the largest Buddha image in the posture of nirvana in Thailand. Laem Pho reclining Buddha It is



enshrined on a not very high base near the foot of the Tinsulanonda Bridge on the island of Yo. This is a new architecture, built in 1994, reclining Buddha image at Laem Pho Temple. It is the name of a Buddha image in the form of a reclining (sleeping) image, lying on the right



side, sleeping with his eyes closed, with his head propped up with a pillow with his left hand stretched along the body. His right hand was placed on his back beside his brow. His left foot overlaps the right foot. The part of the Buddha image has 108 beautiful auspicious images. The ubosot of Wat Laem Pho is located in the middle of the temple courtyard by the Songkhla lake. facing west It

is enshrined within a glass wall with a rectangular floor plan. facing west The layout of the Ubosot is divided into 2 parts: the outer terrace and the inner area for chanting. There are stairs both in front and on both sides, at the base of which is made into a set of overturned lotus flowers. The Ubosot is made of bricks and mortar with the artistic style popularized in the reign of King Rama 3. It is an ordination hall with a balcony surrounding the stairwell decorated with ceramic balustrades. The chapel has a balcony surrounding it. The single-storey roof is connected with cantilevered terracotta tiles. decorated with a blue bouquet, rooster leaves, and a swan's tail. The gable roof in the front is decorated with stucco statues of Indra and the Erawan elephant. The back gable is decorated with stucco statues of Lord Vishnu and Garuda. In front of the window and door is a statue of Thep Phanom. in the midst of the flora of the vine. The gable pattern of the ordination hall is beautiful, old and worthy of preservation. In addition to



the important place of worship There is also a beautiful large Buddha image in the nirvana posture. There is also a pavilion of Phra Brahma, Guanyin, and a Buddha image in the attitude of subduing Mara named "Somdet Chao Ko Yo," a stucco Buddha image. The Buddha image in the posture of opening the world Thao Maha Phrom Pavilion. Samjung pavilion Guan Yin Bodhisattva then take you for a walk at Ko Yo, a small island in Songkhla Lake. Travel by crossing the Tinsulanonda Bridge along the route, the only island in the middle of the lower Songkhla Lake, which is a sub-district in Mueang District, with an area of 15 square kilometers. With a population of about 4,000 people, divided into nine villages, Ko Yo is a strong community. unique It is one of the most famous tourist attractions in Songkhla. Koh Yon's general condition is mostly mountainous and not very high. There is a plain at the foot of the hill next to the sea, and Ko Yo has a wide plain in the south. There is also a paved road around the island. Highlights on Koh Yo Learn how to make an orchard or a community garden where a variety of fruits are planted. In one garden, That means that fruits will take turns yielding year round such as grapefruit, coconut, jackfruit and the famous fruit of Koh Yo, Champada, which looks like jackfruit but smaller. Can be fried like a banana or you can eat it fresh. See the Ko Yo fabric, a famous local fabric that is popular with people who wear Thai clothes. There are unique patterns such as the Ratchawat pattern, Pikul flower, Payom flower, and easy-care fabric. Take a boat trip to see the seabass raised in cages in Songkhla Lake. Enjoy old traditions such as the tradition of the ten house parade and the tradition of going up Khao Kut, which is considered a social capital that makes the Koh Yo community a strong and livable community. Take a cultural journey on the island of Yo, which is an effort of the community together to conserve a good culture to live forever.



15.00PM. Take you to Check In and stay at Hat Yai Signature Hotel, invite you to store your luggage in your room and relax.

In the evening, you will have a meal at a restaurant.

19.00PM. It's time to take you back to hotel. invite you to relax at your leisure.

Day 2 Wat Phra Maha Chedi Traipob Traimongkhon - Guan Yin Bodhisattva - Songkhla Central Mosque - Cactus Beach - Khlong Hae Floating Market

In the morning, have breakfast at the hotel restaurant. After the meal, take you on a journey. Wat Phra Maha Chedi Traipob Traimongkhon There is a sacred object made of stainless steel material. Standing majestically on the top of Khao Kho Hong It was built to pay tribute to His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej. Most of the pagodas in Thailand from the Sukhothai period to the present. They are all brick and mortar pagodas. However, there are still a number of pagodas built with different materials. one of which is "Stainless Steel



Pagoda" of Hat Yai, known as the world's first stainless steel pagoda This stainless steel pagoda It is officially called "Phra Mahathat Chedi Traiphop Trai Mongkhon", but most people call it "Stainless Steel Pagoda" or "Stainless Temple" The stainless steel pagoda is located on Khao Kho Hong Mountain, Punnakan Rd., Kho Hong Subdistrict, Hat Yai District, Songkhla Province. It is the world's first stainless

steel pagoda. It was built to pay tribute to His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej. On the occasion of the 60th anniversary of His Majesty's accession to the throne and to be the center of continuation of Buddhism, culture and Thai traditions The foundation stone was laid on February 28, 2006 and the construction was completed in 160 days. They come together to create a triangular shape of a chedi a shiny silver Especially when the sunlight is shining brightly. The stainless steel pagoda has a spire that resembles a segment and has a tiered tier on the highest peak. While at the bottom there is a circular base of masonry plaster painted in yellow gold. There is a circular hole in the doorway. allowing people to walk in and see what's



interesting inside with the introduction of stainless steel to decorate beautifully. Each door (channel) will have a total of eight birthday doors (2 channels on Wednesdays and Wednesday day-night) with the birthday Buddha image inside for worship. Inside the base of the pagoda, there is a beautiful stainless steel spiral staircase leading to the 2nd floor where you can

go up and take photos of the pagoda structure. See other decorations, including making merit in stainless steel monks that are everywhere. In addition, on the base of the 2nd floor there is a balcony to go out and see the scenery. But most of the caretakers will close the lock and put the key. Besides the chedi There is also a Buddha image. Buddha's footprint Guan Yin and other interesting things for those who come to pay homage touch each other on every 7th, 17th and 27th at 10:20 am of every month, the pagoda has arranged for the general public to come up and make offerings. This is the charm of the stainless steel pagoda, even though it was built

with different materials than other pagodas. But it is beautiful, balanced, and also has a novelty. It is a combination of Buddhist art, architecture and engineering. To come out in a harmonious way, no less than take you on a journey Guan Yin Bodhisattva's located on

Kanchanawanich Road on the Hat Yai-Songkhla route, 6 kilometers from Hat Yai city, there is a path up the hill on

the park side. Hat Yai Municipality, about 2 kilometers from the Chao Mae Kuan Im Shrine,



the largest white jade figure in Thailand. It is a place

of respect for both Thais and foreigners. At the

Guan Yin Shrine, you can see the scenery of Hat

Yai downtown and the surrounding areas is

beautiful. Guan Yin Bodhisattva's In addition to

being a beautiful architecture on the sacred land. It

is also enshrined the most legendary gods of the

Chinese faith as well. It has been set up to be built on



Khao Kho Hong which is a high place Located in Chaiyaphum, the best And it's a location

that is very hard to find. It is the best feng shui point. and with the majesty of the Bodhisattva

Guan Yin The divine power of the gods in the mythological beliefs of all people together with

the faith of the people to make this place a sacred land. This will bring you to Songkhla

Central Mosque, located at Lopburi Ramet Road, Khlong Hae Subdistrict, Hat Yai District,

Songkhla Province, which is a religious place and a tourist attraction. and the spiritual center

of Muslims in Songkhla I must say that this place is a very large and magnificent mosque This

central mosque is so striking that it can be clearly seen. Since in the mountains, Hat Yai Public

Park, anyone who has come to Songkhla must not miss to come and see the beauty of this

central mosque. This mosque has been called the "Taj Mahal of Thailand" especially comes

during the evening to late evening. The mosque is lit up against the backdrop of the sky change colors of the sky in the evening, very beautiful. Songkhla Provincial Central Mosque



In the afternoon, take you to dinner at a restaurant.

In the afternoon, arrive at Cactus Beach. It is a new tourist attraction that has only



recently boomed. Located on the beach of Talay Muang Ngam. The highlight of Cactus Beach is inevitably the cactus that grows on the beach. which will depend only on the part But when they are together, it's beautiful enough to take a really beautiful photo because the cactus here is very big. whether you are standing or sitting I can keep

pictures without getting bored. If you come during the cactus flowering, you can see the white flowers in full bloom. It is recommended to take pictures in the morning or evening, because the sun will not be too hot But if you come during Saturday and Sunday, the tourists are quite busy. There is also a sunflower field that the villagers around that area planted, blooming beautifully, waiting



for you to take photos, and there is also a sand sofa that is made of sand to form a sofa that can actually sit. decorated with bright pink fabric Make the picture come out beautiful, don't tell anyone.



In the evening, take a walk at Khlong Hae Market, located in the area of Khlong Hae Temple in Khlong Hae Subdistrict, which is the first floating market in the South. Simulate the traditional way of life, which is the water trade of Khlong Hae villagers. in which the vendors row boats to bring their products to sell. And there are many shops along the shore for you to



enjoy. Both local desserts and a variety of southern foods Food containers use natural materials such as banana leaves, coconut shells, and bamboo. It is the first and only cultural floating market in the south. mix between a market that sells goods on a boat and antique markets selling goods on land The floating market is open on Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays from 4 PM to 9 PM. Inside the market

there are shops on land and shops selling on boats. There are many things to eat, souvenirs to buy, as well as clothes. When you walk in, you will find a land area located along the road where most of the items that are sold are clothes. souvenir bag that we will see for sale everywhere in various markets, walk across the bridge over the canal Look down and you will

see a floating market where you can see boats selling things in a long line. Most of the vendors are Muslims. Food is both savory and sweet, which is a traditional southern food and contemporary food such as Khao Yam, Chinese desserts, fried eggs, seafood, fish maw, fruit juices and southern desserts. But the food for sale is not very diverse, most of them are similar. You can buy souvenirs to take home or sit and eat at the floating market at your convenience.



18.00 PM. Take you to eat at the restaurant. After the meal, take you back to relax at Hat Yai Signature Hotel.

Day 3 Link Chana - Kim Yong Market – Bangkok

In the morning, have breakfast at the hotel restaurant.



After food, you collect your luggage for check out from the hotel, then take you to Link Chana, located at Ban Link, Tha Mor Sai Subdistrict, Chana District, Songkhla Province. It is a place with a view of the Din Daeng Valley. It's more than 100 years old, and it's as beautiful as being in a foreign country. Although this place is not very big, But it's

quiet, shady, and the atmosphere is very good, suitable for chilling, relaxing, camping, and watching the sunrise and sunset. In the midst of nature The atmosphere and landscape here are

very good, making it a natural tourist attraction that is as beautiful as you can see. There are both green trees and beautiful mountain views. reflected on the water, giving a feeling similar to a beautiful country like Switzerland until here it has been called Switzerland all together.

And most importantly, there is a beautiful photo corner.

Lots of lots as well. Highlights of Link Chana, especially if anyone comes to see the light of the sun in the morning, For the evening sunset as well, I guarantee that you will fall in love with the beauty in front of you for a long time recommend if you want to go when the light is beautiful.

In the morning, it must be around 06.30 to 08.30, which is the best. But if it's in the evening, it has to be from 16.00 until sunset. And if anyone can see the atmosphere when the fog is down, it will be very lucky because they will be

able to see the magnificent view even more. Most of the tourists who come to Link Chana like to do leisure activities such as cycling in the morning and evening. Kayaking or seeing the view of the sun But it's important. It is forbidden to swim here because the water is quite deep and can cause danger. Just taking in the views and enjoying nature is enough. After seeing the view, then take you to take a walk at the Kim Yong Market, located in downtown Hat Yai. on Supasarnrangan Road There is a wide selection of products to choose from, almost everything, whether it's clothes, shoes, snacks, or cosmetics. Electrical appliances, toys, eyeglasses, as well as household appliances Kim Yong Market is a strange market. There will be vendors selling products. In the early morning, it will be bazaar style. Selling pork, chicken, vegetables, roast pork, rice noodles. In the late afternoon, the market will change to sell general products, clothes, and snacks. It is a unique market as well. The Kim Yong Market has 2 floors. The ground floor sells general merchandise. The upper floor will focus on electrical appliances. On the east side is a fresh market. Start selling early in the morning.





In the afternoon, then travel to take you out of Songkhla. Return to Suvarnabhumi Airport (Bangkok) by Thai VietJet Air, flight VZ 363, with a flight time of around 1 hour and 30 minutes.

17.00 Arrive at Suvarnabhumi Airport (Bangkok) safely.

Service rate

	Price
Starting price/person	4,499.-Baht

This service fee includes

- Room service charge
- VIP air-conditioned van (travel according to the program)
- Drinking water 1 bottle/day
- Entrance fees to places specified in the tour program.



- Tour guide throughout the trip.
- Travel accident insurance expenses according to the policy. Medical expenses in the amount of 500,000 baht per person or in case of death, the limit is 1,000,000 baht per person according to the conditions of the insurance company. which does not include health insurance
- Meals as specified in the itinerary.
- Standard hotel accommodation as specified in the list (2-3 persons per room)

This service rate does not include

- Round-trip airfare as listed in Economy Class
- Fees in the event of baggage exceeding the weight specified by the airline or baggage exceeding the standard size.
- Fuel tax that the airline will charge more After the company has already issued air tickets.
- In-room mini bar (if any) and personal expenses. other than those specified in the list
- Meals for vegetarians, vegans, or Muslims.
- Additional entrance fees for foreigners based on actual payment.
- Van booking fee
- VAT 7% and withholding tax 3%
- Tip the driver and guide 300 baht per person.