

# PICNIC



ราคาเริ่มต้น  
5,700 บาท/ท่าน

**Day 1** Bangkok – Phichit – Khao Rup Chang Temple – Ta Luang Temple – Mueang Nakhon Chaiyabawon

Museum– Khlong Khu Temple

(-/-/-)

**05.00** Depart from Bangkok to Phichit would take around 4 hours 30 minutes.

**09.30** Arrive at [Phichit](#). Take you to [Khao Rup Chang Temple](#). It is located in Dong



Pa Kham Mueang Phichit District, Phichit. The archaeological site of Khao Rup Chang Temple majestically is the Lanka-style pagoda. It locates on a hilltop with white stacked rocks, and it looks like an elephant. The pagoda was renovated with gold glazed tiles all over the body. There is a fence around it. At the stair has five statues of elephants. On the top of the hill, you will see the view of Phichit, see the villagers' farms, and the road that

road to the temple. The area

around the temple pagoda built a large vihara, and there is an old chedi, a chedi in a polygonal shape with twelve wooden corners. It is assumed that it was built in the Ayutthaya period. The bell itself is a carambola flower, but the top of the pagoda is broken. In addition, at the foot of the naga stairs on the way up, there is a mondop in the form



of a tetrahedron, which is enshrined bronze Buddha image, and there are wall paintings about Trai Phum Phra Ruang located near the new church. Then take you to [Ta Luang Temple](#). It is an important temple of Phichit, on the west bank of the Nan River, Busaba Road, near the old city hall. This temple was built around 1845 during the reign of King





Nang Klao Chao Yu Hua. Inside the Ubosot is enshrined Luang Pho Phet, a bronze Buddha image in the attitude of subduing Mara in the Chiang Saen period, cast in bronze. There is a very beautiful Buddha image. It has a lap width of 1.40 meters and a height of 1.60 meters. It is an important Buddha image in Phichit. History is that Phra Phichit which the governor wanted the principal Buddha image to be enshrined in Phichit on the occasion of the Ayutthaya Army traveling through Phichit to defeat the Chom Thong rebellion in Chiang Mai. Phra Phichit asked the generals that they had to find a Buddha image for him. Therefore, when the battle was over, the general ordered the Buddha image of Luang Pho Phet to go down the gourd raft to the Ping River by depositing it to the ruler of Kamphaeng Phet. Later, Luang Phor Phet was enshrined at the chapel of Wat Nakhon Chum, then moved to enshrine at Wat Tha Luang, Mueang Phichit District. The priceless temple of Phichit, enshrines Luang Pho Phet, a third-class royal temple, the venue for the Royal Cup of King Rama IX's longboat race, Thailand Championship.



**Noon** Lunch at the restaurant.

**Afternoon** Take you to [Mueang Nakhon Chaiyabawon Museum](#). It is an exhibition place



for Art and antiquities that were found in Mueang Nakhon Chaiyabawon in every era, from prehistoric to the present. It used to be called "Wat Wang Tako" located on the old Nan River. The interesting thing about this

temple is the various antiques that the temple has accumulated for a long time. Most objects were brought to offer and excavated at Nakhon Chai Bowon by people, for example, a Buddha



image, a print earthenware, etc. The interesting construction of this temple is 2 floors Mondop Museum. Upstairs is enshrined a statue equal to 6 real statues of Luang Por Ngein. A teacher gauge that Thai people across the country know and respect very much. Luang Pho Ngein used to spend a Buddhist Lent at this temple. Even though he passed away, his reputation and honor will remain in his memory. Then take you to [Khlong Khu Temple](#), Tha Luang



Subdistrict, Mueang District, Phichit Province. Villagers and gamblers ask for a large number of lucky numbers. The temple is many statues, such as Buddha statues, giant crocodiles, and Godzilla, which attract tourists uninterruptedly. The kids loved the Godzilla statue. It is peaceful and quiet, and you feel relaxed when you enter the temple.

On December 17, 2016, Phrakhru Philas

Thammakit, the abbot of Khlong Khu Temple, and Khlong Khu villagers Muang Phichit together to build a large statue of Phaya Chalawan, Kab Tapao Kaew, lying across the water canal. Measuring 47 meters in length, 5.5 meters in width, and 5.5 meters in height. It was completed in December 2016. People and tourists come to visit and take selfies with the statue, which is a new landmark of Phichit province. The abbot of the temple had the idea of embossing a crocodile across the canal to cover the canal with goodwill and the



teaching that a crocodile block a canal does not mean that he will stubbornly oppose, but if he is optimistic, one must think of good thinking and doing good like a crocodile across a canal is to think of preventing things that are evil, things that are vices, drunkenness, gambling, and

drugs from entering the village. It is necessary for an era when people in society are more obsessed with objects than believing or following the teachings of the Buddha.

**Evening** **Dinner at the restaurant.** Then take you to check-in at **The Nest Hotel** or a hotel of the same level for leisure time.

**Day 2** Mueang Kao Phichit Museum – **Nakhon Chum Temple** – Aquarium – **Bung Sri Fai**

(-/-/-)

**Morning** **Breakfast at the hotel's dining room.** Then take you to **Mueang Kao Phichit Museum.** It is located at Rong Chang Sub-district, Mueang District, Phichit Province, 7



kilometers from the city. It is believed that it is the location of the old Phichit city, which was built in the reign of Phraya Kotbong, around the year 1601. It can be observed from within the city wall area, with an area of about 400 rai, it looks like an ancient city, comprising the city wall, a moat, an old pagoda, etc. Kanchana Kuman Arboretum, established by the Royal Forest Department in

1977, makes the area within the shady area suitable for recreation. An interesting thing in the Old City Park is the City Pillar Shrine that was built in 1977. The building is divided into 2 floors: the top is the location of the City Pillar Shrine.

The lower part is the place for worshipping the Statue of Phraya Khotbong, which the villagers call Father Grandfather. There are many trees around the shrine that look shady and cool. There is also a pavilion for Tourists to rest. Wat Mahathat is a brick archaeological site





located in the middle of the old Phichit city on the east bank of the old Nan River. It has been registered as a National Important Historic Site. In front of the chedi is a vihara of nine rooms. Behind the chedi is an ubosot with two-tiered parapets. Under the mound, the vihara found



structures of 2 periods, which are Sukhothai and Ayutthaya periods: many chedis and a large wall line. Chalawan Cave is next to Wat Mahathat.

Experience the famous literature "Kraithong" King Rama 2's royal writings can be found here, with the appearance of a cave deep in the soil. In front, there is a statue of Kraithong and Chalawan. There is a

story that about 65 years ago, a monk at Nakhon Chum Temple lit a candle walked into the cave until one candle had not reached the bottom of the cave, so he did not know how wonderfully ornately beautiful the Chalawan Cave would be. At present, the soil has collapsed until it becomes shallow. Koh Sri Mala is a soil-like small island in the middle of a moat outside the old wall. There is a moat surrounding the island, but it is shallow. It is assumed that it was either a fort or a guard tower. Then take you to

[Nakhon Chum Temple](#). This temple is a temple built

in the Sukhothai period, about 800 years old.



On the east side is a very old ordination hall built with bricks and plaster. The upper part is made of wood, using wooden inlays instead of nails. There is a vent instead of a window. This ubosot is used to the house of Luang Pho Phet, which is brought to enshrine at Tha Luang Temple. Currently, a large Buddha image is enshrined in Sukhothai style.

**Noon** Lunch at the restaurant.

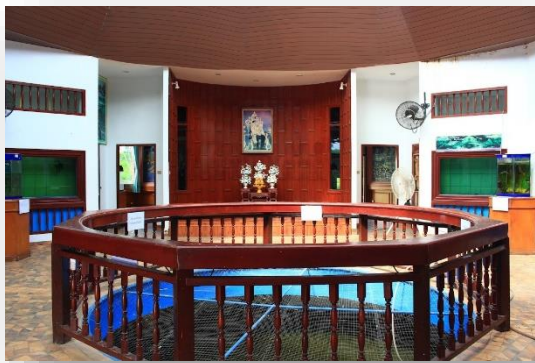
**Afternoon** Take you to the [aquarium](#) It was organized by the Department of Fisheries on the auspicious occasion of His Majesty the King's 5th cycle birthday in 1987.

Moreover, it is a tourist attraction for the general public to educate and encourage people to love, cherish and realize the joint ownership that must be jointly responsible for the



conservation of aquatic

animal resources, which is a national treasure for the future. The aquarium is in charge of the Phichit Inland Fisheries Research and Development Center. It consists of important parts: 1. Chaloem Phrakiat Building. It was built in the shape of a nine-pointed



star, with an area of

400 square meters, jutting into the lake. Inside, the aquarium has 12 wall-mounted fish tanks of 0.5 cubic meters. The interesting thing is the center of the building is designed to be an opening for watching the fish in the lake, which has different types of fish species waiting to eat



food from tourists. 2.

The bridge is 60 meters long, consisting of a bridge railing which is an aluminum tube with a built-in lighting system. Then take you to [Bung Sri Fai](#) at Nai Mueang, Muang Phichit, Phichit. It is the third-largest





water source in the country, with an area of approximately 5,000 rai. Bueng Si Fai is the first symbol of Phichit. It is the most important recreational area of townspeople because the atmosphere around it is peaceful and natural, and there's no denying that the sunset in the lake is beautiful. Things to do in Bueng Si Fai:

**Somdet Phra Sinagarin Park:** It was built to honor Princess Srinagarindra on the occasion of her 80th birthday in 1984. It has an area of 170 rai. It is a recreational park alongside the Bueng Si Fai. There is a bridge leading into the water to a large pavilion for resting. Tourists like to come to feed the fish and watch the sunset.



**Statue of Phaya Chalawan:** According to the legend of Krai Thong, there was a big crocodile named Phaya Chalawan. It used to eat people but finally was defeated by Kraithong. The statue is in front of the Bueng Si Fai. It was constructed as a small building with a length of 38 meters, a width of 6 meters, a height of 5 meters. Inside this crocodile, it is a meeting room with 25-30 seats and it is also the largest crocodile statue in the world.



**Water pavilion:** It is a pavilion located on the Bueng Si Fai. There are four pavilions. Tourists always come to feed aquatic animals on this pavilion especially, the big pavilion. Moreover, it is also used as the polling booth of Phichit.

**Aquarium:** Aquarium or popularly known as the nine-

square pavilion. It is a nine-pointed star building that sticks into the lake. Inside the aquarium has more than 20 species of fish, and there change fish species regularly. Besides, the central of the building is locular for watching the fish in the lake, which has different types of fish gathered in large numbers to wait for the food that the tourists give them to eat. This



aquarium is in the care of Phichit Inland Fisheries Research and Development Center.

Crocodile pit: Crocodile pit locates in the zone of Bueng Si Fai. There are 2 crocodile pits, which are the old pit and the new pit. The old crocodile pit is small and has been deactivated because a new crocodile pond that larger was built to replace it. Bueng Si Fai is in the care of Phichit Inland Fisheries Research and Development Center. It is open to tourists for free every day, including public holidays.

**Evening** **Dinner at the restaurant.** Then take you back to **The Nest Hotel** for leisure time.

**Day3** Wang Krot old Market – Bang Khlan Temple – Bangkok

(-/-/-)

**Morning** **Breakfast at hotel's dining room.** Pack your bags to check out from the hotel.

Then take you to buy souvenirs at **Wang Krot old Market**. It is located in Mueang Phichit

District, about 6 kilometers from Phichit city. In the past, it was prosperous in the trade as it was the intersection of both land and water transportation and became the major trading center of Phichit. Most of the villagers here are Thais of Chinese descent and have been trading since their ancestors' days. Later, there was a change in transportation and modern trading

systems so that the economy of Wang Krot Market stagnated rapidly, and most of the market's children to find work outside the area. Some shops closed down their businesses or moved to open a business in Phichit city. However, some stores are still open currently. No matter





how much time has passed, Wang Krot's old district can still tell stories of the past and give memories to those who have passed through this place through the old wooden rowhouse architecture and the unique architectural style.

Artifacts that were used in the past are still visible and are still being used even though the eras have

changed. There are also important places in Wang Krot Market such as Chao Por Wang Klom Shrine, a shrine that the villagers respect, Ban Luang Pratuang case who initiated and supported the market building, Mitsterngang Theater, Wang Krot Railway Station, etc. Pictures of the cuteness of the villagers, most of them are kind old people, smiling and greeting them as they walk in the community. Wang Krot Old Town is still full of bonds and memories.

**Noon**            **Lunch at the restaurant.**

**Afternoon**    Take you to to worship “Luang Phor Ngern Buddhachote” at [Bang Khlan Temple](#), Phichit. He is a famous monk teacher in Phichit. He is an expert in

incantations that It is famous all over the world. He was born on Friday, 16 September 1810. His father was named Ooh. His mother was named Fug. They have lived in Bang Khlan, Phichit. He has six brothers and sisters. When he was three years old, he went to live with his uncle named Chuang in Bangkok and attended school at Ban Tong Pu (Wat Chana Songkhram), Phra Nakhon. At the age of 12





(1822), he was ordained to study the dharma, incantation, various science until fluently. When he was ready to ordain.

He attended the ordination ceremony at Wat Chana Songkhram and received the designation “Buddhachote”.

He had studied Vipassana-Kammatthana for three years, and he consecrated himself as a disciple to Somdej Phra

Buddhachan (To) Phrom Rangsi, Rakhang Kositaram

Temple for studying arts and sciences, and Vipassana. Then, he returned to stay in a Buddhist monastery during the Buddhist Lent at Kongkaram temple (Bang Khlan Tai Temple), Bang Khlan District, Phichit. He lived there for a year before moving to Wang Ta Ko Village. It is deep into the old Phichit River. He was breaking 3 Bodhi branches and pinning them down at the area of Tako Forest. He mentally prayed that If you come to build a temple or there is prosperity at this place in the future, may the three Bodhi branches also grow and flourish. It appears that all prayers became true. A monk's house, sanctuary, main hall, and sanctuary within the temple were built completely as "Wang Tako" temple. Father Ngern built it around the year 1834. Later, Wang Tako temple or Wat Hiranyaram grow fast. Many people respected and offered themselves as disciples. People always come to ask for a talisman and help in curing.



**15.00** Depart from Phichit to Bangkok would take around 4 hours 30 minutes.

**19.30** Arrive at Bangkok safely.

### Service Charge

	Rate
starting price/person	5,700 baht

### This rate includes:

- Room Service Charge
- Air-conditioned van provided for the trip
- Free drinking water 1 bottle/day.
- Admission charge for places in the program.
- Tour guide for the trip.
- Accident insurance fee which covers 500,000 baht in medical bill per person or 1,000,000 baht in the case of death per person according to the insurance policy. DOES NOT INCLUDE HEALTH INSURANCE
- Food as mentioned in the program.
- Hotel bill as mentioned in the program (2-3 persons per 1 room)

### This rate does not include:

- Minibar inside the hotel room (if any) and personal expenses beside those mentioned on the list.





## NATNARA Travel

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- Food for those who are vegans, vegetarians or Muslims.
- Exceeded admission charge from Thai rate for foreigners.
- 7% VAT and 3% Withholding Tax.
- Tip for the driver and tour guide 300 baht per person.