

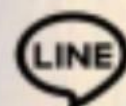
Kalasin


3 วัน 2 คืน

ราคาเริ่มต้น 6,800 บาท/ท่าน



CONTACT US

 : [natnara.nat](https://line.me/tv/natnara.nat)

 : 062-8595241

Day 1 Bangkok – Kalasin – Phra That Phanom Jamlong – Punboon Garden

(-/-/-)

05.00 Depart from Bangkok to Kalasin would take around 6 hours 30 minutes.

Noon Arrive at [Kalasin](#). Then take you to **have lunch at the restaurant**.

Afternoon Arrive at [Phra That Phanom Jamlong](#), Huai Mek District. It is located at Wat Tham Phithak, Huai Mek District, Kalasin Province. Construction started from a meeting of monks at Wat Phra That Phanom Woramahawihan, That Phanom District, Nakhon Phanom Province on February 8, 1977, with Phra Thep Moli, Abbot of Wat Phra That Phanom



Woramahawihan at that time as president. The meeting discussed the parts and sacred objects of the old Phra That Phanom should be brought to any area. In the end, the Sangha Council used the method of divination. As a result, Wat Thamma Phithak, Huai Mek District, Kalasin Province was allowed to bring only one place to enshrine parts and sacred objects of the old Phra That Phanom Buddha image. The people of Huai Mek district take the 6th day of the

waxing moon of the 3rd lunar month of every year as the starting day of the celebration to the present.

15.30 Take you to [Punboon Garden](#). It is a healthy organic farming garden. It is a place to visit Kalasin Choeng Kaset. You can see how to grow vegetables, plant rice, and raise chickens. Pun Boon garden has many activities for us

to try, such as liquid fertilizer, compost, soil preparation, seedling cultivation, biochemical



production against insect pests, planting, care and harvesting of organic vegetables, and keeping fresh vegetables. Moreover, there is making fresh food, such as salad rolls and local food.



Evening Dinner at the restaurant. Then take you to check-in at

Rim Pao Hotel or a hotel of the same level for leisure time.

Day 2 Phuttha Nimit Temple (Wat Phu Khao)– Sirindhorn Museum – Lam Pao Dam - Praya Chai Sunthorn Monument – The Ricemill Market (-/-/-)

Morning

Breakfast at the hotel’s dining room. Then take you to Phuttha Nimit

Temple (Wat Phu Khao). It is located on the top of Phu Kao.

On the west side of the mountain, there is "The Reclining Buddha" which is carved on a cliff that is thousands of years old. It is left-side style, the head is supported over the forearm by the forearm that supports the head is not erected, and the

hand does not support the head without Ketumala. The length

of the Buddha image is 2 meters, height 0.5 meters, covered with gold leaf. It is assumed to be

Moggallana, the left disciple of the Buddha. The temple organizes a ceremony to bathe the

reclining Buddha image on April 19 every year. The local

legend tells that The Reclining Buddha carved on this cliff

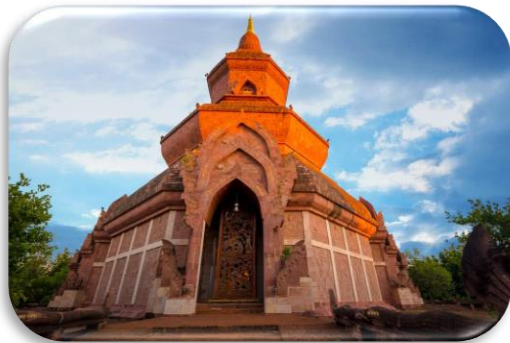
was built after a small celebration of Phra That Phanom

around the year 8 B.E. by a group of people who would travel

to join in building Phra That Phanom but couldn't arrive in

time. Therefore, they together built this reclining Buddha

image. In 1941, His Holiness Somdej Phra Maha Wirawong went to inspect the Diocese of the



Northeast and stopped by a temple in Sahatsakhan, which is about 8 kilometers west of Phu Kao. At that time, he also went to worship the Reclining Buddha at this cliff. At that time, he also went to worship the Reclining Buddha at this cliff. When he returned to Bangkok, he ordered the Director-General of the Fine Arts Department to register it as the first ancient artifact in Kalasin. The temple also has a "Wooden Ubosot" which is an open Ubosot built from wood under the Lampao Dam. It is a Thai-style wooden building set on a stucco lotus wire base. The three floors gable roofs with eaves on all four sides. Surrounding the Ubosot is beautifully carved in three-dimensional patterns and reliefs depicting the history of the Buddha, the Jataka, and the Vessantara Jataka. The Ubosot enshrines "Phra Mongkhon Chaisit Rojanaritthi Prasitphon", the principal Buddha image in the enlightenment posture or the golden meditation posture. The ceiling dome above the Buddha image is decorated with gold-plated reliefs carved in wood. There is also "Vihara Sangkha Nimit", which houses various rare Buddha images and amulets. Another important landmark of this temple is "Phra Mahathat Chedi Phuttha Nimit", a golden chedi with a weight of 30 kilograms. Inside enshrines relics from 5 countries: Thailand, India, Sri Lanka, Nepal, and Burma, including the

Arahants, Phra Phuttha Nimit Lek Lai, and many more

sandstone Buddha images. Then take you to

[Sirindhorn Museum](#). It used to be the Phu Kum Khao

Dinosaur Research Center. In 1994, the skeleton of a

herbivorous dinosaur, Phu Wiang Gosaurus

Sirindhorn, was found in the area of the present

excavation pit by Phrakhru Wichit Sahatshun, the

abbot of Wat Sakkawan. Since the year 1994, the

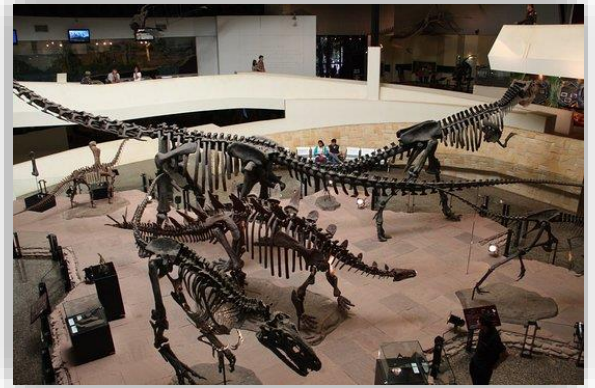
dinosaur survey team from the Department of Mineral Resources has started a systematic

excavation and found that Phu Kum Khao is the source of the most complete plant-eating

dinosaur skeletons in Thailand. They found dinosaur skeletons of various sizes, which



consisted of more than seven herbivorous bones, more than 700 bones, most notably parts of the skull, teeth, jaws, and a nearly complete skeleton. These skeletons are in rock strata resting on the mountainside of Phu Kum Khao, which is shaped like a haystack, with a height of about 240 meters. In 1995, Her Royal Highness Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn came to see the remains of dinosaur bones and established a project to develop the Phu Kum Khao Dinosaur Museum by creating a temporary excavation pit building to protect the



skeleton remains. In 1996, the Department of Mineral Resources built a research building with a usable area of 375 square meters to be used as a place for conservation, research, and collection of fossils discovered in Thailand. In 2007, it was fully open for service. Phu Kum Khao Dinosaur Research Center and Museum or Sirindhorn Museum is a research center on Dinosaurs and the first dinosaur museum of Thailand, which was given the name from Her Royal Highness Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn that "Sirithorn Museum". Sirindhorn Museum has 2 exhibition buildings, the first building exhibits 2 parts, which are permanent exhibitions and temporary exhibitions. Starting from the 2nd floor, use the museum hall as a public relations area. In the hall, there are exhibits of dinosaur models of Siam Motyrannus, Isan Ensis, and information about the geology of Thailand.

Noon **Lunch at the restaurant.**

Afternoon Take you to [Lam Pao Dam](#). It is a large earthen dam and a famous tourist attraction of Kalasin Province. It is an earth dam, 33 meters high from the water, 7.8 meters long, and 8 meters wide, capable of holding more than 1,430 million cubic meters of water. It is used to alleviate floods and utilize people's





agriculture. It is also a breeding ground for fish.

Moreover, there is Dok Kred Beach, a famous resting place. It is another tourist spot to enjoy the view and relax in Kalasin. You can come alone, come with a girlfriend, come with family or friends, come for a walk, take photos, sit and chill by the dam, watch the

sunset over the horizon, or go rafting in the Lam Pao Dam.

Then take you to [Praya Chai Sunthorn Monument](#). It is

located in front of the telegraph post office, Kalasin

Province. Phraya Chaisoonthorn Monument (Thao

Somphamit) is a monument of Phraya Chai Sunthon or

"Thao Somphamit", the first governor of Kalasin. Kalasin

people gave up their assets to build a monument to show

their gratitude to the founder of Kalasin, located in front of

the Kalasin Provincial Post Office. It is worshiped by the people of Kalasin and others who

come to live in Kalasin who often come to pray for good fortune. It is considered a valuable

monument and a sacred monument of Kalasin. Phraya Chaisoonthorn was cast in life-size

bronze, standing on a pedestal in his right-hand holding a kettle. The left-hand holds a

criminal right sword. Kalasin people together to build a monument to show gratitude to the

founder of Kalasin. After that, take you to [The Ricemill Market](#). It's a shopping center and

unique local food stores: dinosaur rice, dinosaur dumplings, and dinosaur roti. It is also a

space for music, art, and performances on various occasions.



Evening **Dinner as you like.** Then take you back to **Rim Pao Hotel** for leisure time.

Day 3 Mueang Fa Daet - Phrathat Ya Khu

(-/-/-)



Morning **Breakfast at hotel's dining room.** Pack your bags to check out from the hotel. Then take you to **Mueang Fa Daet**. It is located at Sema Village, Kamalasai District. Sema community organizes cultural tourism that "Wat Pho Chai Semaram" or "Wat Ban Kom" because in addition to being the center of the minds of people here, it is also a public place for people in the village. Mueang Fa Daet, also

known as Fa Daet Sung Yang. Some people call Mueang Sema because the map of the city is like a Sema leaf. It was an ancient city with a two-tiered embankment. The length was about 5 kilometers. The ditch was in the middle of the two embankments. From the archaeological evidence discovered, the inhabitants of the city have been inhabited since prehistoric times and were more prosperous during the Dvaravati Rao period 13th-15th Buddhist century. The evidence of Buddhism appears, such as sandstone leaves, many etched images of Jataka and Buddhist history. Some were kept at Wat Pho Chaisemaram not far from the area of Muang Fa Daet Song Yang, some are in the same location where they were found, and some are preserved and exhibited at the Khon Kaen National Museum. There are also religious places scattered such as Phra That Ya Khu, a group of chedi in religious places at Non Wat Sung, Non Fa Yat, and Non Fah Daet. The Fine Arts Department has announced the registration of Muang Fa Daet Song Yang as an ancient site on September 27, 1936. Phra That Ya Khu or Phra



That Yai is the largest chedi in the city. The appearance is an octagonal chedi made of bricks. There are 3 periods of construction: the base is a rectangular recess. There are stairs leading up to 4 directions, decorated with stucco, built in the Dvaravati period. Next up is an octagonal base which is built on top of the original base in the form of a chedi in the Ayutthaya period. The bell and the top part were built in the Rattanakosin period. Around the Phra That is found Bai Sema carved in reliefs about the Buddha's history. Villagers believe that the Phra That contains the ashes of the elder monk who was respected by the city people, which can be observed when Chiang Som won the war, destroyed everything in Fa Daet Song Yang, but did not destroy Phra That Yakhu, so it is still an ancient site in perfect condition. The villagers hold a ceremony to bathe Phra That Ya Khu annually in May as a request for rain and peace for the village. Another activity that tourists have to do is make a Tong to worship Phra That Yakhu



for good luck. After that, take you to [Phrathat Ya Khu](#).

It is formerly known as "Big Relics". Villagers hold an annual relic festival between April and May to ask for rain and peace for the village. If you have the opportunity to visit Kamalasai District, Kalasin Province, we invite you to visit and pay respect to Phra That Yakhu for peace and prosperity.

Noon Lunch at the restaurant.

Afternoon Depart from Kalasin to Bangkok would take around 6 hours 30 minutes.

19.30 Arrive at Bangkok safely.

Service Charge

	Rate
starting price/person	6,800 baht

This rate includes:

- Room Service Charge
- Air-conditioned van provided for the trip
- Free drinking water 1 bottle/day.
- Admission charge for places in the program.
- Tour guide for the trip.
- Accident insurance fee which covers 500,000 baht in medical bill per person or 1,000,000 baht in the case of death per person according to the insurance policy. DOES NOT INCLUDE HEALTH INSURANCE
- Food as mentioned in the program.
- Hotel bill as mentioned in the program (2-3 persons per 1 room)

This rate does not include:

- Minibar inside the hotel room (if any) and personal expenses beside those mentioned on the list.



NATNARA Travel

RK Biz Center Motorway-Romkiao Frontage Rd., Latkrabang, Bangkok 10520

Certificate 0105562204095 licence 12/02963 Tel.062-8595241 Line: nat.nsk

- Food for those who are vegans, vegetarians or Muslims.
- Exceeded admission charge from Thai rate for foreigners.
- 7% VAT and 3% Withholding Tax.
- Tip for the driver and tour guide 300 baht per person.